Louisiana Department of Natural Resources Strategic Online Natural Resources Information System SONRIS 2000

Coastal Restoration Division Biological Database

DATA DESCRIPTIONS



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INTRODUCTION

As part of the overall effort to evaluate the effectiveness of coastal restoration projects, the Coastal Restoration Division of the Louisiana Department of Natural Resources collects a variety of ecological, hydrological, and climatological data. This document briefly describes these data using column headings contained within the data files as a guide. For a more detailed explanation of data collection activities performed by the Coastal Restoration Division, refer to the report entitled "Quality Management Plan for CWPPRA Monitoring Program" at the following address: http://www.savelawetlands.org/site/D R S Reports/General/QMP2000.pdf.

Discrete Hydrographic Data

Discrete (monthly) hydrographic data can be downloaded by either project or station number for any range of dates that data are available. These files are relatively small as there are only approximately 12 records per station per year. In general, there is a much larger spatial distribution of stations where monthly data are collected than where hourly data are collected. The LDNR currently monitors over 400 stations throughout the coastal zone for discrete hydrographic data.

Station Number: Alphanumeric value assigned to a station by LDNR

used for identification purposes.

Month (mm): Month that the data were collected.

Day (dd): Day of the month that the data were collected.

Year (yyyy): Year that the data were collected. Time (hh:mm): Time that the data were collected.

Staff Gauge Reading (ft): Water level in feet as measured by visual inspection

of a vertical graduated staff gauge usually surveyed

to a known datum.

Depth (ft): Water depth at a station in feet, where the

measurements were taken; used mainly to verify

stratification.

Bottom Water Temperature (C): Water temperature in degrees Celsius measured just

above the bottom of the water column.

Surface Water Temperature (◆C): Water temperature in degrees Celsius measured just

below the surface of the water column.

Bottom Specific Conductance (FS/cm): Specific conductance in microsiemens per

centimeter measured just above the bottom of the

water column.

Surface Specific Conductance (FS/cm): Specific conductance in microsiemens per

centimeter measured just below the surface of the

water column.

Bottom Salinity (ppt): Salinity in parts per thousand calculated from

"Bottom Specific Conductance".

Surface Salinity (ppt): Salinity in parts per thousand calculated from

"Surface Specific Conductance".

Bottom DO (mg/L): Dissolved oxygen in milligrams per liter as

measured just above the bottom of the water

column.

Surface DO (mg/L): Dissolved oxygen in milligrams per liter as

measured just below the surface of the water

column.

Bottom pH:	pH measured just above the bottom of the water column.
Surface pH:	pH measured just below the surface of the water column.
Bottom Velocity (ft/s):	Water velocity in feet per second measured just above the bottom of the water column.
Surface Velocity (ft/s):	Water velocity in feet per second measured just below the surface of the water column.
Secchi (ft):	Measure of water transparency in feet.
Fecal Coliform (MPN/100mL):	Measure of fecal coliform bacteria in "Most
`	Probable Number per 100 milliliters". Used as an
	indicator of potential overall contamination.
Upper Soil Porewater Salinity (ppt)	Soil pore water salinities in the field as measured
7 41 /	with the use of a sipper probe to aid in extracting
	interstitial water from the upper portion of the
	salinity column and measuring salinity with a
	handheld salinity meter of extracted water.
Lower Soil Porewater Salinity (ppt)	Soil pore water salinities in the field as measured
Lower Son Forewater Summity (ppt)	with the use of a sipper probe to aid in extracting
	interstitial water from the lower portion of the
	salinity column and measuring salinity with a
	handheld salinity meter of extracted water.
Organization	ž
Organization:	Agency that collected the data.

Continuous Hydrographic and DCP Data

Continuous (hourly) hydrographic data may be downloaded by project or by station number, but it should be noted that these files are much larger than the discrete (monthly) files. For example, since one year of hourly sampling will yield approximately 8,760 records, a file for a project collecting data at 3 stations for a period of 5 years will contain approximately 131,400 records. Many typical spreadsheet programs will not be able to completely open a file of this size. For this reason, we recommend that hourly data be downloaded by station and not by project. The LDNR currently monitors over 125 stations throughout the coastal zone for continuous (hourly) hydrographic data. The term "Raw" in the variable descriptions below indicates that data within that column are listed as reported by the data-collection instrument and have not been adjusted or corrected. The term "Adjusted" indicates that the raw data have been corrected for biofouling, instrument drift, and/or instrument malfunction.

Alphanumeric value assigned to a station by LDNR

Water level as recorded in feet relative to the instrument sensor. This variable is not comparable

comparable between or among other stations. Use

through time at any given station nor is it

"Adjusted Water Elev.: to Datum" for water

Station Number:

Raw Water Level (ft):

used for identification purposes. Month (mm): Month that the data were collected. Day of the month that the data were collected. Day (dd): Year that the data were collected. Year (yyyy): Time (hh:mm:ss): Time that the data were collected. Raw Water Temp (**◆**C): Water temperature in degrees Celsius as reported by data recorder. Adjusted Water Temp (\checkmark): "Raw Water Temp" with erroneous data values removed. Raw Specific Conductance (FS/cm): Specific conductance in microsiemens per centimeter as reported by the data recorder. Adjusted Specific Conductance (FS/cm): "Raw Specific Conductance" corrected for biofouling and instrument drift, with erroneous data values removed... Salinity in parts per thousand as calculated from Raw Salinity (ppt): "Raw Specific Conductance". Salinity in parts per thousand as calculated from Adjusted Salinity (ppt): "Adjusted Specific Conductance", with erroneous

data removed.

elevation comparisons.

"Raw Water Level" corrected for biofouling and Adjusted Water Level (ft): instrument drift, with erroneous data removed. This variable is not comparable through time at any given station nor is it comparable between or among other stations. Use "Adjusted Water Elev.: to Datum" for water elevation comparisons. "Raw Water Elev.: to Datum" shifted relative to Raw Water Elev.: Marsh (ft): average marsh elevation in the immediate vicinity of the data recorder. Adjusted Water Elev.: Marsh (ft): "Adjusted Water Elev.: to Datum" shifted relative to average marsh elevation in the immediate vicinity of the data recorder. Used for evaluating marsh flooding. "Raw Water Level" converted to the North Raw Water Elev.: Datum (ft): American Vertical Datum 1988 (NAVD88). "Adjusted Water Level" converted to the North Adjusted Water Elev.: Datum (ft): American Vertical Datum 1988 (NAVD88). Battery voltage as reported by the data recorder. Raw Battery (V): Adjusted Battery (V): "Raw Battery" with erroneous data values removed. Wind speed in miles per hour as reported by Raw Wind Speed (mph): anemometer. "Raw Wind Speed" with erroneous data values Adjusted Wind Speed (mph): removed. Wind direction in radian degrees as reported by Raw Wind Direction (degrees): anemometer. "Raw Wind Direction" with erroneous data values Adjusted Wind Direction (degrees): removed. Water current velocity in feet per second as reported Raw Velocity (ft/sec): by the data recorder. "Raw Velocity" with erroneous data values Adjusted Velocity (ft/sec): removed. Raw Precipitation (tips): Cumulative number of tips of "tipping bucket" type rain gauge. Calculated precipitation in inches, with erroneous Adjusted Precipitation (inches): data values removed. Air pressure in millimeters of mercury as reported Raw Air Pressure (mm of Hg): by barometer. "Raw Air Pressure" with erroneous data values Adjusted Air Pressure (mm of Hg): removed. Raw Total Chlorophyll (Fg/L): Total chlorophyll in micrograms per liter as recorded by the data recorder. "Raw Total Chlorophyll" in micrograms per liter Adjusted Total Chlorophyll (Fg/L): with erroneous data values removed.

Raw Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L): Adjusted Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L):

Raw pH (pH units): Adjusted pH (pH units): Raw Turbidity (NTU): Adjusted Turbidity (NTU):

Raw Discharge (cubic ft/sec): Adjusted Discharge (cubic ft/sec):

Dissolved oxygen in milligrams per liter. "Raw Dissolved Oxygen" in milligrams per liter with erroneous data values removed. pH in pH units.

"Raw pH" with erroneous data values removed.

Turbidity in Nephelometric Turbidity Units.

"Raw Turbidity" in Nephelometric Turbidity Units with erroneous data values removed.

Discharge in cubic feet per second.

"Raw Discharge" in cubic feet per second, with erroneous data values removed.

Emergent Vegetation Data

Emergent vegetation data are collected from stations that are usually either distributed randomly or along transects within a project area. Data are collected at various time intervals ranging from seasonally to every 2-3 years.

Station Number: Alphanumeric value assigned to a station by LDNR

used for identification purposes.

Group: A classification given to a group of stations that

share a common characteristic.

Plot size (m²): Size of sample plot.

Date (mm/dd/yyyy): The date data were collected.

Community: Marsh type where station is located.
Sample Type: Method used to distribute stations: random,

stratified random, or along transects.

Vegetation Type: Describes whether sampled vegetation was either

naturally occurring or planted.

Total Percent Cover: Percent cover of all emergent vegetation present in

sample plot.

Tree Percent Cover:

Shrub Percent Cover:

Herb Percent Cover:

Carpet Percent Cover:

Dominant Average Height (cm):

Percent cover of tree layer in sample plot.

Percent cover of shrub layer in sample plot.

Percent cover of herbaceous layer in sample plot.

Percent cover of carpet layer in sample plot.

Average height of dominant (by percent cover)

Average height of dominant (by percent cover) vegetation species in sample plot in centimeters.

Tree Average Height (cm):

Shrub Average Height (cm):

Herb Average Height (cm):

Carpet Average Height (cm):

Carpet Average Height (cm):

Scientific Name*:

Average height of tree layer in centimeters.

Average height of herbaceous layer in centimeters.

Average height of carpet layer in centimeters.

Two-part Latin name assigned to a particular

species.

Common Name*: A general name of an organism that often varies by

regions. Organisms may be referred to by multiple

common names.

Percent Cover: Percent cover of indicated vegetation species within

the sample plot.

Braun-Blanquet Rank: Braun-Blanquet rank category assigned to indicated

species based on the percent cover estimate.

In/Out: Describes whether species is present inside or

outside of the sample plot. If a species is present inside and outside of the sample plot, then "Both" is used. The corresponding percent cover for that species only applies to its occurrence inside of the

plot as no estimates of cover are made for

occurrences of a species outside of the sample plot. Number of plants initially planted in a given area.

Number Alive: Number of plants alive at time of sample.

Additional Species Description: Miscellaneous comments pertaining to species.

Organization: Agency that collected the data.

Number Planted:

Personnel: Names of personnel that collected the data.

* All scientific and common names follow the nomenclature defined in the USDA, NRCS Plants database and is cited as follows:

USDA, NRCS. 2002. The PLANTS Database, Version 3.5 (http://plants.usda.gov). National Plant Data Center, Baton Rouge, LA 70874-4490 USA. State of Louisiana PLANTS list downloaded July 2, 2003.

USDA, NRCS. 2001. The PLANTS Database, Version 3.1 (http://plants.usda.gov). National Plant Data Center, Baton Rouge, LA 70874-4490 USA. State of Louisiana PLANTS list downloaded November 6, 2001.

Explanation of symbols used in emergent vegetation plant species names:

- 1) an asterisk (*) in a plant name signifies that the plant is a hybrid species.
 - -If the asterisk occurs before the genus name, then the plant is a cross between two plants of different genera.
 - -If the asterisk occurs be between the genus and the species names, then the plant is a hybrid of two plants belonging to the same genus but two different species.
- 2) a question mark (?) in a plant name signifies that the validity of the name is in dispute within the botanical community.

Submerged Aquatic Vegetation Data

Project Number: Alphanumeric value assigned to a project by LDNR

used for identification purposes.

Station Number: Alphanumeric value assigned to a station by LDNR

used for identification purposes. For submerged aquatic vegetation sampling, the station is actually the center of the pond where sampling occurs.

Group: A classification given to a group of stations that

share a common characteristic.

Date (mm/dd/yyyy): Date the data were collected.

Community: Marsh type where station is located.

Sample Number: Actual submerged aquatic vegetation sample within

a station.

Scientific Name*: Two-part Latin name assigned to a particular

species.

Depth (cm): Water depth in centimeters.

USDA, NRCS. 2001. The PLANTS Database, Version 3.1 (http://plants.usda.gov). National Plant Data Center, Baton Rouge, LA 70874-4490 USA. State of Louisiana PLANTS list downloaded November 6, 2001.

^{*} All scientific names follow the nomenclature defined in the USDA, NRCS Plants database and should be cited as follows:

Sediment Accretion Data

Project Number: Alphanumeric value assigned to a project by LDNR

used for identification purposes.

Station Number: Alphanumeric value assigned to a station by LDNR

used for identification purposes.

Group: A classification given to a group of stations that

share a common characteristic.

Date (mm/dd/yyyy):

Time (hh:mm:ss):

Date the data were collected.

Time the data were collected.

Coordinates: Location of a core sample in a plot relative to a grid

placed over the plot. Used to ensure a unique core sample over time as more than one core is usually

taken from a plot.

Accretion Measurements (mm): Sediment that has accumulated over the Feldspar

Marker Horizon in millimeters. Four measurements

are taken from around a frozen sediment plug.

Total Average Accretion (mm): Average vertical accretion in millimeters at a

particular station.

Sediment Staff Gauge Data

Project Number: Alphanumeric value assigned to a project by LDNR

used for identification purposes.

Station Number: Alphanumeric value assigned to a station by LDNR

used for identification purposes.

Group: A classification given to a group of stations that

share a common characteristic.

Date (mm/dd/yyyy):

Time (hh:mm:ss):

Date the data were collected.

Time the data were collected.

Staff Gauge Reading (ft): Sediment elevation in feet as measured by visual

inspection of a vertical graduated staff gauge

usually surveyed to a known datum.

Staff Gauge Water Level Reading (ft): Water level in feet as measured by visual inspection

of the same staff gauge as that used to measure

sediment elevation.

Surface Elevation Data

Station ID	:	Alphanumeric value assigned to a station by LDNR
		used for identification nurposes

Group: A classification given to a group of stations that

share a common characteristic.

Date (mm/dd/yyyy):

Time (hh:mm:ss):

Establishment Date (mm/dd/yyyy)

Establishment Time (mm/dd/yyyy)

Date the data were collected.

Date the station was established.

Time the station was established.

Direction: Compass direction of the Surface Elevation Data in

degrees.

Pin Number Any given station will have nine (9) individual Pin

measurements at each of four (4) compass directions for a total for 36 measurements.

Pin Height (mm): Sediment position relative to the Surface Elevation

Data as measured in millimeters by one stainless

steel or fiberglass rod (Pin).

SET ID: Unique identification number assigned to a specific

SET.

Organization Agency that collected the data.

Personnel Names of personnel that collected the data.

Comments Description that pertain to problems with individual

pin readings.

Site Conditions Weather, water level related to marsh surface,

dominant plant species, etc., comments about site

conditions at the station.

Shoreline Marker Data

Project Number:	Alphanumeric value assigned to a project by LDNR used for identification purposes.
Station Number:	Alphanumeric value assigned to a station by LDNR used for identification purposes.
Group:	A classification given to a group of stations that share a common characteristic.
Date (mm/dd/yyyy):	Date the data were collected.
Time (hh:mm:ss):	Time the data were collected.
Left (m):	A measurement of vegetated shoreline position in meters 45 <off-center a="" defined<="" from="" left="" td="" the="" to=""></off-center>
	point.
Center (m):	A measurement of vegetated shoreline position in meters directly perpendicular from a defined point.
Right (m):	A measurement of vegetated shoreline position in meters 45 <off-center a="" defined<="" from="" right="" td="" the="" to=""></off-center>
	point.
Corrected Left (m):	Left measurement corrected for the angle off-center (sin of 45 <multiplied by="" measurement).<="" td=""></multiplied>
Corrected Right (m):	Right measurement corrected for the angle off- center (sin of 45 <multiplied by="" measurement).<="" td=""></multiplied>
Average (m):	Average shoreline position at station. Calculated from center, corrected left, and corrected right measurements.

Soil/Sediment Properties Data

Project Number: Alphanumeric value assigned to a project by LDNR

used for identification purposes.

Alphanumeric value assigned to a station by LDNR Station Number:

used for identification purposes.

A classification given to a group of stations that Group:

share a common characteristic.

The date data were collected. Date (mm/dd/yyyy): Time (hh:mm:ss): The time data were collected. Core Tube Length (cm): Length of sediment sample core.

Percent Organic Matter (%): Percent organic matter in sample; proportion of

organic matter per 100 parts.

Density of sample before being dried. Bulk Density (Field): Bulk Density (Air Dried): Density of sample after being air dried.

Bulk Density (Oven): Density of sample after being dried in an oven.

Dry Core Weight: Weight of dried sample.

Coefficient of Linear Expansion. Measurement of COLE:

shrink/swell properties of a soil core.

Calculated by taking the wet sample weight minus Percent (%) Water (Moisture):

the dry sample weight divided by the wet sample

weight times one hundred.

Core Volume (in³): Volume of sediment core in cubic inches. Core Volume (cm³): Volume of sediment core in cubic centimeters. Pore Water Salinity (ppt):

Salinity in parts per thousand of interstitial soil pore

Electrical conductance of sample. EC (umhos/cm):

Dry weight of salts in given volume of sample. Salts (mg/kg):

Survey Point Data

Project Number:	Alphanumeric value assigned to a project by LDNR
	1.0 . 1 0

used for identification purposes.

Station Number: Alphanumeric value assigned to a station by LDNR

used for identification purposes. For survey data, the station is actually the center of the area where

surveying occurs.

Group: A classification given to a group of stations that

share a common characteristic.

Status: Generally describes whether data were collected in

the Pre- or Post-construction period.

Date (mm/dd/yyyy): Date the data were collected. Time (hh:mm:ss): Time the data were collected.

Point Number: Identification number assigned to data point by

survey team. In many cases data are collected at points along transects and a station might consist of

several transects.

Easting utm83 (m): Horizontal coordinate. Northing utm83 (m): Horizontal coordinate.

Elevation NAVD88 (m): Elevation relative to North American Vertical

Datum of 1988.